WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

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1. A computer implemented method of localizing a biomarker within a cell, comprising:

identifying portions of a first image of the cell that corresponds to a first defined area;

identifying portions of a second image of the cell that corresponds to at least one biomarker;

determining portions of the second image that lie within the portions of the first image to identify whether the biomarker is localized within the defined area.

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2. The method of claim 1, wherein the portions of the first image and portions of the second image comprise pixels.

\$=317 \$=340

3. The method of claim 1, wherein the portions of the first image comprise pixels having an intensity associated with the first defined area of the cell.

4. The method of claim 3, further comprising determining the intensity associated with the first defined area of the cell.

5. The method of claim 2, wherein the portions of the second image comprise pixels having an intensity corresponding to the at least one biomarker.

6. The method of claim 5, further comprising determining the intensity associated with the at least one biomarker.

31	7. The method of claim 1, further comprising reducing representation of out-of-focus
32	elements in the first image.
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34	8. The method of claim 7, wherein reducing representation comprises manipulating
35	image pixel intensities of the first image based on image pixel intensities of a third
36	image featuring a different depth of focus.
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38	9. The method of claim 1, wherein the defined area is selected from the group
39	consisting of the cell nucleus, cytoplasm, nuclear membrane, cellular membrane,
40	mitochondria, endoplasmic reticulum, peroxisome and lysosome.
[] []41	10. The method of claim 1, wherein the cellular component is selected from the
41	group consisting of a protein, peptide, nucleic acid, lipid or carbohydrate.
	11. A method of analyzing a cell containing sample, comprising:
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nao 21	obtaining a first image of a cell with a first stain that is selective for a first
47	defined area within the cell and a second stain that is selective for at least one
.48	biomarker;
50	determining an intensity value for the first stain at a plurality of pixel
51	locations in the first image;
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53	based on the intensity values, determining pixel locations in the first image
54	that correspond to the first defined area within the cell and assigning
55	those pixel locations to the first defined area;
56	obtaining a second image and determining an intensity value for the second
57	stain at a plurality of pixel locations in the second image; and
58	comparing the first and second images to identify pixel locations in the second
59	image that are within the first cellular compartment.

12. The method of claim 11, wherein the defined area is selected from the group 60 consisting of the cell nucleus, cytoplasm, nuclear membrane, cellular membrane, 61 mitochondria, endoplasmic reticulum, peroxisome and lysosome. 62 63 13. The method of claim 11, wherein the cellular component is selected from the group consisting of a protein, peptide, nucleic acid, lipid or carbohydrate. 64 65 14. The method of claim 11, wherein the cell is contacted with a third stain that 66 is selective for a second defined area within the cell, the method further comprising: 67 10 68 69 70 71 72 10 73 in a third image of the distribution of the third stain in the cell, determining an intensity value for each pixel location of a plurality of pixel locations in the third image: based on the intensity values, determining which pixel locations in the third image correspond to the second defined area of the cell and assigning those pixel locations to the second defined area; and identifying which of the pixel locations in the second image are within the 75 second defined area. 76

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- 15. The method of claim 14, further comprising assigning pixel locations not assigned to the first or second defined areas to a third defined area, and identifying which of the pixel locations in the second image are within the third defined area.
- 16. The method of claim 15, wherein the first, second, and third defined areas are selected from the group consisting of: a nucleus, cytoplasm, nuclear membrane, cellular membrane, mitochondria, endoplasmic reticulum, peroxisome and lysosome.
- 17. The method of claim 14, wherein the cell is contacted with a fourth stain that is selective for a defined area in the cell, and at least one pixelated image of the distribution of the fourth stain is acquired, the method further comprising

85 reading a third intensity value for each of a plurality of pixels in the image of the fourth stain distribution: 86 87 determining a threshold intensity value from the third intensity values: 88 comparing the third intensity value for each of the plurality of pixels to the threshold intensity; and 89 90 assigning pixel locations to a mask based on the threshold intensity value. 18. The method of claim 17, wherein the pixel locations in the plurality of pixels in 91 92 the image of the first stain distribution are the pixel locations in the mask set. [] []93 19. The method of claim 18, wherein the pixel locations assigned to the mask 94 comprise the location of pixels having third intensity values equal to or greater than the threshold intensity value. 20. The method of claim 19, further comprising binning the third intensity values for each of the plurality of pixels in the image of the fourth stain distribution. -98 21. The method of claim 20, wherein the threshold intensity value is determined from an intensity value of a largest bin. 100 22. The method of claim 20, wherein the threshold intensity value is determined from 101 an intensity value of a second largest bin. 23. The method of claim 17, further comprising comparing for each pixel location 102 the first intensity value to the second intensity value and assigning the pixel location 103 to the second defined area when the second intensity value is greater than the 104 first intensity value. 105 24. The method of claim 17, further comprising reading a signal intensity value for 106 each pixel location in an array of pixels in the image of the second stain distribution, 107 and summing the signal intensity values to determine a total signal intensity. 108

109		25. The method of claim 17, wherein the array of pixels in the image of the second
110		stain distribution is the first defined area in the cell.
111		26. The method of claim 17, further comprising reading a signal intensity value for
112		each pixel location in an array of pixels in the image of the second stain distribution,
113		and summing the signal intensity values.
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115		27. The method of claim 17, wherein the array of pixels in the image of the second
116	S	stain distribution is the second defined area.
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118		28. The method of claim 17, further comprising reading a signal intensity value for
119		each pixel location in an array of pixels in the image of the second stain distribution,
118 119 120 121 121 121 121 122		and summing the signal intensity values to determine a total intensity.
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122		29. The method of claim 17, wherein the array of pixels in the image of the second
123		stain distribution is the third defined area.
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125		30. A method of analyzing a cell containing sample, comprising:
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127		accessing a value for each of a plurality of pixel locations in a first image of a
128		cell;
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130		accessing a value for each of the plurality of pixel locations in a second
131		image of a cell; and
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133		subtracting a percentage of the intensity value for each pixel location in the
134		second image from the intensity value of the same pixel location in the first
135		image to obtain an adjusted intensity value.
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137		31. The method of claim 30, wherein the first image is acquired at a first focal plane
138		and the second image is acquired at a second focal plane.
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140	32. The method of claim 30, wherein the percentage of the intensity value for each
141	pixel location in the second image subtracted is determined from an intensity
142	distribution function.
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144	33. A method of analyzing a plurality of spots, comprising:
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146	locating the spots;
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148	defining a reference point for the located spot;
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150 []	connecting the reference point of the located spot to the reference point of a
1 51	set of nearest neighbor spots with a corresponding line segment; and
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53	identifying points of intersection between line segments used to connect spots
154	to each other.
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156	34. The method of claim 33, further comprising assigning reference points and points
456 157	of intersection a reference number.
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159	35. The method of claim 34, further comprising tabulating the reference numbers and
160	spot locations.
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162	36. The method of claim 33, wherein the reference point within each spot is the
163	center of the spot.
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165	37. The method of claim 33, wherein the spots are histospots in a tissue microarray.
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167	38. The method of claim 33, further comprising connecting each of a plurality of
168	reference points to a nearest edge using a corresponding line segment.
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